Teaching practices and school

climate:

The Portuguese students' views

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Theoretical framework

- Climate
 - corresponds to what organizational actors mostly represent and feel of their organization
 - Classrooms , have climates that directly or indirectly are influenced by the wider school climate
- Educational practices
 - a shared images framework that allows you to interpret and see the world in a particular manner, and will enable to envisage school as a particular climate setting

School climate dimension

- Teaching and learning
 - Quality of instruction;
 - social, emotional and ethical learning;
 - professional development and
 - leadership
- dimension that reflect the teachers' dual responsibility to maintain conditions in which students can learn and to provide effective support for them

Educational practices

involves

- the ability to transform teachers' information into knowledge through out communication in the classroom;
- make the interactive global management of information flows and events in class,
- conduct a predetermined activities and methodology planning;
- manage the class progression and interactive decision-making .

Educational practices dimensions

- teaching
- support on learning control
- lack of support on individual work
- discovery methodology
- expository method

Teacher as a leader

- In the classroom
- -Lewin and Lippitt's typology
 - Autocratic
 - lack of support on individual work and
 - expository method
 - Democratic
 - Teaching,
 - support on learning control,
 - discovery method

- The sample
 - 3860 students of Portugal Mainland and Madeira

| By age: | 10 to 12 years 20.57% | 13 to 15 years 36.84 % | 16 to 23 years 40,76 % |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| By gender: | Boys 52.28 % , | Girls 47.72 % | |
| Per cycle of schooling : | 2nd cycle 13.62 % | 3rd cycle 40.51% | secondary 45.88 % |
| By type of education | General Studies 50.14 % ; | Professional/ Vocational 49.86 % | |
| By Family Education Level : | up to 9 th grade 38.09 % | from 9 th to 12 th grade 63.6 % | university education 31.52 % |

Democratic leadership educational practices

- majority of respondents said
 - teachers often use support on learning control and care about teaching practices.
 - rarely or few teachers use the discovery method in their classrooms
 - students' opinion is mostly favorable on the use by teachers of democratic leadership in the classroom

Democratic leadership educational practices

- who points it very significantly?
 - boys
 - Youngest
 - 5th and 6th graders
 - Professional/vocational students

Autocratic leadership educational practices

- a slim majority of students believes that teachers use autocratic leadership ,
 - 10.84 % admit that all or most of the teachers are lacking of support on individual work ,
 - 27.34 % that most use an expository method

Autocratic leadership educational practices

- who least points it ?
 - Boys
 - 13 to 15 years old
 - Secondary education students
 - Higher education level of family education

Teixeira's school climate dimensions

- relationships with
 - teachers,
 - Class Directors,
 - Colleagues
- equity,
- safety and
- working conditions

Teaching practices and school climate: The Portuguese students' views

| | Teaching | support on learning control | discovery method |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Indicators | p-value | | |
| Colleagues' relationship | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | 0,0126 |
| Teachers' relationship | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | <0,0001 |
| Class director's relationship | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | <0,0001 |
| Equity | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | <0,0001 |
| Security | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | <0,0001 |
| Working conditions | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | <0,0001 |

Democratic leader educational practices and school climate

- students who find very satisfying any of the climate indicators are the ones who further claim that in class they experience educational practices that arise from a democratic style of leadership
- equity, security and working conditions climate indicators
 - students who view it in a very positive way stress democratic educational practices indicators

Teaching practices and school climate: The Portuguese students' views

| | Lack of support in individual work | Expository method | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Indicators | p-value | | |
| Colleagues' relationship | <0,0001 | 0,15 | |
| Teachers' relationship | <0,0001 | <0,0001 | |
| Class director's relationship | <0,0001 | 0,21 | |
| Equity | <0,0001 | 0,0068 | |
| Security | <0,0001 | 0,0002 | |
| Working conditions | <0,0001 | 0,0064 | |

Autocratic leader educational practices and school climate

 the more positive students' opinion is toward climate indicators the lower is the consideration that autocratic practices are used

To conclude

- the existence of a positive school climate has a close relationship between classroom climate and educational practices.
- The better the quality of the relationship with teachers and the Class Directors the more positive is the classroom and school climate perception

To conclude

- there is a strong relation between a positive school climate and practices that lie at the level of democratic leadership
- Teachers need
 - to develop a range of strategies, practices that foster a positive classroom climate
- School leaders need
 - to promote conducive spaces for collaborative work